AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method of treating or inhibiting progression of cerebral vasospasm that accompanies follows subarachnoid hemorrhage (SAH) comprising administering to a patient in need of such treatment or inhibition an amount of an agent that inhibits vascular cell proliferation sufficient to effect said treatment or inhibition.
- 2. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said agent is a compound that inhibits a mitogen of vascular wall cells.
- 3. (Original) The method according to claim 2 wherein said cells are smooth muscle cells, fibroblasts, pericytes or endothelial cells.
- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 2 wherein said mitogen is a growth factor.

- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 4 wherein said growth factor is an insulin-like growth factor, a platelet-derived growth factor, an endothelial growth factor, a fibroblast growth factor or a transforming growth factor.
- 6. (Original) The method according to claim 2 wherein said mitogen is thrombin.
- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 4 wherein said agent is a compound that inhibits binding of said growth factor to a receptor therefor.
- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 7 wherein said compound is an antibody specific for said growth factor.
- 9. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said agent is a retinoid.
- 10. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said agent is a chemotherapeutic agent.
- 11. (Original) The method according to claim 10 wherein said chemotherapeutic agent is bis(chloroethyl)nitrosourea, methotrexate or 5-fluorouracil.

- 12. (Currently Amended) A method of treating or or inhibiting progression of cerebral vasospasm that accompanies follows SAH comprising administering to a patient in need of such treatment or inhibition an amount of an agent that inhibits extracellular matrix synthesis or secretion or weakens or degrades extracellular matrix, sufficient to effect said treatment or inhibition.
- 13. (Original) The method according to claim 12 wherein said agent is a compound that inhibits a stimulator of extracellular matrix production in vascular walls.
- 14. (Original) The method according to claim 13 wherein said stimulator is a growth factor.
- 15. (Original) The method according to claim 14 wherein said agent is a compound that inhibits binding of said growth factor to a receptor therefor.
- 16. (Original) The method according to claim 15 wherein said compound is an antibody specific for said growth factor.
- 17. (Original) The method according to claim 13 wherein said stimulator is transforming growth factor beta, ascorbate or connective tissue growth factor.

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- 18. (Original) The method according to claim 12 wherein said agent inhibits prolyl-4-hydroxylase.
- 19. (Original) The method according to claim 18 wherein said agent is a peptide containing 5'oxaproline, an anthracycline or a derivative of 2-oxoglutarate.
- 20. (Original) The method according to claim 12 wherein said agent inhibits lysyl oxidase.
- 21. (Original) The method according to claim 20 wherein said agent is βaminopropionitrile, β -bromoethylamine, ρ -halobenzylamine, ethylenediamine, homocysteine thiolactone, hydrazine, dipyridyl, phenylhydrazine or semicarbazide.
- 22. (Original) The method according to claim 12 wherein said agent is a compound that weakens or degrades extracellular matrix.
- 23. (Original) The method according to claim 23 wherein said compound is a matrix metaloproteinase or a serine protease.

Claims 24-27 (Cancel).

(Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said agent is nitric 28. oxide.